## **Legal English - Terms of art**

(Forum Legal:English by lawyers for lawyers)

Legal English, in common with many other professional languages, employs a great deal of terminology that has a technical meaning and is not generally familiar to the layperson. These are sometimes referred to by lawyers as 'terms of art'.

**Exercises** Insert the correct term from the list below into the following sentences.

| (1) The director's totalexceeded \$1 million per annum.   |
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| (2) Customs officers seized the at the border.  |
| (3) Many employment contracts contain which restrict the employee from<br>competing with the employer in the event that the employee leaves the company. (4) Local building companies were invited to submit for the construction project |
| proposed by the city council.   |
| (5) The partners decided to dissolve the partnership and form a limited company to replace it. They asked a lawyer to draft the necessary documents, including the  |
| (6) The company hit financial difficulties and eventually became insolvent. Court proceedings followed, which resulted in the company being   |
| (7) My client wishes to the contract because the goods he received were not<br>the same as the ones he was promised. It is a clear case of contractual  |
| <ul> <li>(8) The firm exercised a on the goods until the outstanding invoices were paid.</li> <li>(9) The company has considerable which must be taken into account when considering its value.</li> </ul>                                |
| (10) The law firm's corporate department was very busy in the run-up to the on the stock exchange of one of its corporate clients.  |
| (11) As Ms. Jones was overseas at the date of the meeting, she authorised a to vote at the company meeting on her behalf.   |
| (12) After the of the last meeting were approved, those present at the meeting dealt with the next item on the agenda.  |
| (13) The rule that oral evidence cannot be given to contradict, alter or vary a written document unless there are allegations of fraud or mistake is known as the   |
| (14) to the goods shall only pass from the seller to the buyer when the buyer has paid for them in full.  |
| (15) One of the aims of the new competition laws is to prevent the creation of  |
| wound up, cartels, lien, title, contraband, minutes, rescind, restrictive covenants, flotation, parol evidence rule, articles of association/bylaws, goodwill, proxy, emoluments, tender, misrepresentation                               |
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